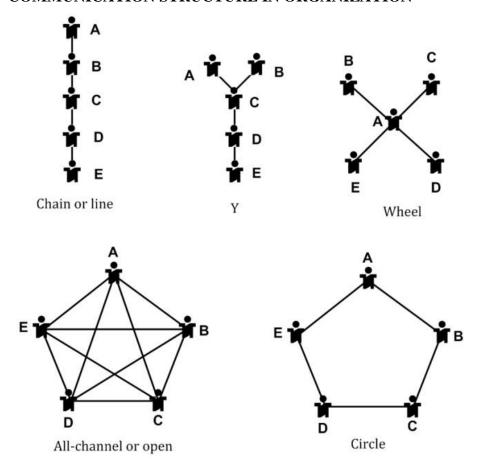
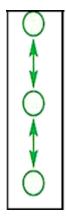
COMMUNICATION STRUCTURE IN ORGANIZATION



1. FORMAL NETWORK MODELS

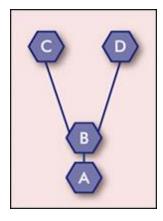
A. CHAIN NETWORK



• The Chain Network is a vertical hierarchy in which communication can flow only upward or downward.

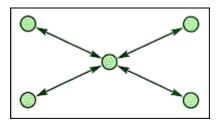
- In Chain Network, members communicate with people next to them in sequence.
- +ve Aspect is: It can be used to transfer important messages from higher management levels to lower levels.
- -ve Aspect is: This often leads to **one way** communication and the people in lower order of chain **isolation** is felt.

B. Y-NETWORK



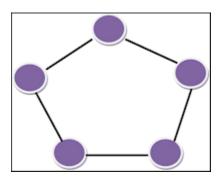
- The Y-Network is a multi-level hierarchy and a combination of Horizontal & Vertical flow of communication.
- Same as chain network except that there are 2 members outside the chain.

C. WHEEL NETWORK



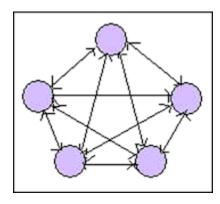
- The Wheel Network refers to several subordinates reporting to a superior. It's a combination of Horizontal & Diagonal flow of communication.
- + ve Aspect: The central management can pass messages to all departments quickly.
- - ve aspect: The departments cannot communicate directly between themselves.

D. CIRCLE NETWORK



- The Circle Network allows employees to interact with adjacent members but no further. In the given figure, there is vertical communication between superiors & subordinates, and horizontal communication only at the lowest level.
- Here members communicate with others close to them in terms of expertise, office location, etc.

E. ALL CHANNEL NETWORK



- The All-Channel Network enables each employee to communicate freely with the others. Here, everybody's views are equally & openly shared.
- +ve Aspect: This is used to create or discuss new ideas.
- -ve Aspect: Can be time-consuming and there is no clear leader or sender of messages.
- 1. The **Chain Network** is a vertical hierarchy in which communication can flow only upward or downward.
- 2. The **Y-Network** is a multi-level hierarchy and a combination of Horizontal & Vertical flow of communication.
- 3. The **Wheel Network** refers to several subordinates reporting to a superior. It's a combination of Horizontal & Diagonal flow of communication.
- 4. The **Circle Network** allows employees to interact with adjacent members but no further. In the given figure, there is vertical communication between superiors & subordinates, and horizontal communication only at the lowest level.
- 5. The **All-Channel Network** enables each employee to communicate freely with the others. Here, everybody's views are equally & openly shared.